

# SAFETY DATA SHEET TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

UFI: DDSV-X0NY-700J-3NV8

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Adhesive.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier QUIN GLOBAL BV LTD

De Droogmakerij 1851 LX Heiloo The Netherlands 0031 72 520 66 97

technicalhelp.uk@quinglobal.com

Manufacturer QUIN GLOBAL (UK) LTD

PO BOX 7634 PERTH PH2 1GA

Quin - 01738 501 510

technicalhelp.uk@quinglobal.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** QUIN - +44 (0) 1738 501 510 (24 hrs)

**National emergency telephone** For the emergency services - the ambulance, police and fire services - Tel: 999 / **number**When you need medical advice or treatment but it is not an emergency - Tel: 111

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335

Environmental hazards Not Classified

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Hazard pictograms







## TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**Additional information** For professional users only.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains DICHLOROMETHANE

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

dichloromethane 30-60%

CAS number: 75-09-2 EC number: 200-838-9 REACH registration number: 01-

2119480404-41-XXXX

Classification

Carc. 2 - H351

propane 10-25%

CAS number: 74-98-6 EC number: 200-827-9

Classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) - H280

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BUTANE 10-25%

CAS number: 106-97-8 EC number: 203-448-7

Classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) - H280

ISOBUTANE 5-10%

CAS number: 75-28-5 EC number: 200-857-2

Classification
Press. Gas

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

**Inhalation** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Stop if the affected person

feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take

place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin contact Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Continue to

rinse for at least 15 minutes. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force skin apart.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If

adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following

adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Prolonged or

repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Prolonged or repeated exposure

may cause the following adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and

propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Harmful gases or vapours.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without app

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Large Spillages:

Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or

air).

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush away spillage with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Usage precautions

For professional users only. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage precautions

Store at temperatures between 10°C and 25°C. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with national regulations. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

#### Storage class

Flammable compressed gas storage.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 350 mg/m³

Sk

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 1060 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### dichloromethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 353 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 706 mg/m³ Sk, BMGV

#### propane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 7200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **BUTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **ISOBUTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 9600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin. BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

### dichloromethane (CAS: 75-09-2)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 353 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 706 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 12 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 88.3 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 353 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.82 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.06 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.31 mg/l

- marine water; 0.031 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 0.27 mg/l

- STP; 26 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 2.57 mg/kg

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.26 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.33 mg/kg

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.

## Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

# Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

### Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

# Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# $\underline{\textbf{9.1.}}$ Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Orange.

Odour Characteristic.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range -40°C @ 1016 hPa

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Flash point -6°C

Evaporation rate Not available.

Evaporation factor Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Not available.

Vapour pressure

Not available.

Vapour density

Not available.

Relative density

1.17 @ 23°C

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Partition coefficient

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity Data lacking.

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

**Decomposition Temperature** 

Other information No information required.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 584 g/l.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Containers can

burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid

smoke or fumes.

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

**Toxicological effects** No data recorded.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, disziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high

enect. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be entitled. Vapours in high

concentrations are narcotic.

**Ingestion** Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

**Skin contact** Redness. Irritating to skin. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.

Route of exposure Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Toxicological information on ingredients.

# dichloromethane

#### TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> : > 2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub>: > 2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀ 49000 mg/m³, Inhalation, Mouse

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye** Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vivo** Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity LOAEC 2000 ppm, Inhalation, Mouse

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEC ≥ 1500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat P, F1

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - LOAEC: 4500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 6 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> : > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Mouse

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) LD<sub>50</sub> : > 3160 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀: > 1951 mg/m³, Inhalation, Aerosol, Rat 4 hours

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 500 mg, 24 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Not irritating.

damage/irritation

#### TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL 10000 ppm, Oral, Rat

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -Two-generation study - NOAEL ≥ 1000 ppm, Oral, Rat F1

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 10000 ppm, Oral, Rat

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### dichloromethane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 193 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 27 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

EC<sub>50</sub>, 40 minutes: 2590 mg/l, Activated sludge

Chronic aquatic toxicity

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early LC₅₀, 8 days: 471 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) NOEC, 8 days: 357 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

NOEC, 28 days: 142 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

## Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>0</sub>, 96 hours: ≥ 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

ECo, 24 hours: 31 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC<sub>50</sub>, 24 hours: > 86 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC<sub>100</sub>, 24 hours: > 86 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: > 100 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus NOEC, 72 hours: 100 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus

Acute toxicity -

microorganisms

IC<sub>50</sub>, 3 hours: > 100 mg/l, Activated sludge

## TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

dichloromethane

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (68%): 28 days

Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

Phototransformation Air - DT₅₀ : 0.15 days

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (5%): 28 days

No biodegradation observed under test conditions.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

dichloromethane

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 2.0 - 5.4, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)

Partition coefficient log Pow: 1.25

Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 22.7

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

dichloromethane

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

Henry's law constant 0.002 atm m³/mol @ 25°C

Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

Henry's law constant 0 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB**This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

dichloromethane

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. **assessment** 

## Pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate)

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times

comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. When handling waste, the safety

precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have

not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

national regulations.

Waste class

The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue

(EWC).

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1950

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1950

**UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

**UN No. (ADN)** 1950

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

AEROSOLS FLAMMABLE

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS FLAMMABLE

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS FLAMMABLE

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS FLAMMABLE

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

## TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

## Transport labels



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group NONE ASSIGNED

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

ADN packing group None

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

#### TENSORGRIP LP61 HIGH TEMP SPRAY ADHESIVE AEROSOL

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Classification procedures

according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Expert judgement. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Carc. 2 -

H351, STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision date 15/12/2020

Revision 36

Supersedes date 04/12/2020

SDS number 21186

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE** 

**PRODUCT LOGO** 

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.