

Aro-Bond 540 Ureka Global Ltd

Version No: 1.1

Safety data sheet according to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **06/05/2022** Print Date: **06/05/2022** S.REACH.GB.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product name	Aro-Bond 540	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	UFI:AAFH-C0AT-200V-9FKK	

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses For use by industrial and professional users and consumers.		For use by industrial and professional users and consumers.
	Uses advised against	Not Applicable

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Ureka Global Ltd		
Address	Flowers Hill Bristol BS4 5JJ United Kingdom		
Telephone	(0)117 971 1364		
Fax	ot Available		
Website	www.thenamethatsticks.com		
Email	sales@thenamethatsticks.com		

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Ureka Global Ltd	
Emergency telephone numbers	+44 (0)117 971 1364 (Mon - Fri 09:00 - 16:00)	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified according to
GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI
2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
[1]

Not Applicable

2.2. Label elements

z.z. Label elements			
Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable		
Signal word	Not Applicable		

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Supplementary statement(s)

EUH208	UH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.	

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Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

2.3. Other hazards

Ingestion may produce health damage*.

Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.

REACh - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

3.2.Mixtures

1.CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classified according to GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567	SCL / M-Factor	Nanoform Particle Characteristics
1.108-32-7 2.203-572-1 3.607-194-00-1 4.Not Available	>1	propylene carbonate	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2; H319 [2]	Not Available	Not Available
1.13473-90-0 2.236-751-8 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	>1	aluminium nitrate	Oxidizing Solids Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2; H272, H302, H315, H319, H361d [1]	Not Available	Not Available
1.2634-33-5 2.220-120-9 3.613-088-00-6 4.Not Available	0.01	1.2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 1; H302, H315, H318, H317, H400 [2]		Not Available
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567; 3. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties				lassification drawn	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

- 4.1. Description of first aid measures
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture
- 5.3. Advice for firefighters

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
- 6.4. Reference to other sections

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Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	
Fire and explosion protection	See section 5
Other information	

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker		PNECs Compartment	
propylene carbonate	Dermal 20 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 70.53 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 10 mg/cm² (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 20 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Dermal 10 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 17.4 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * Oral 10 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 10 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) *	0.9 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.09 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 9 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 0.81 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 7400 mg/L (STP)	
aluminium nitrate	Dermal 0.34 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 0.5 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 0.2 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 0.12 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * Oral 0.2 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) *	0 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 0.001 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 0.003 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 0 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 0 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 20 mg/L (STP)	
Dermal 0.966 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 6.81 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 0.345 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.2 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) *		4.03 µg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.403 µg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 1.1 µg/L (Water (Marine)) 49.9 µg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 4.99 µg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 3 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 1.03 mg/L (STP)	

^{*} Values for General Population

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)	aluminium nitrate	Aluminium salts, soluble	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
propylene carbonate	34 mg/m3	370 mg/m3	2,200 mg/m3
aluminium nitrate	47 mg/m3	68 mg/m3	410 mg/m3
aluminium nitrate	83 mg/m3	920 mg/m3	5,500 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
propylene carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
aluminium nitrate	Not Available	Not Available
1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	Not Available	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
propylene carbonate	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	E	≤ 0.01 mg/m³
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a	

range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering	
controls	

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8.2.2. Personal protection	Not Available
Eye and face protection	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	

Respiratory protection

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid (water based dispersion)		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	ca. 1 g/cm ³
Odour	Characteristic	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	>2.5	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	4000-700
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	ca. 100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Not Available	pH as a solution (Not Available%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility	Not Available	Nanoform Particle Characteristics	Not Available
Particle Size	Not Available		

9.2. Other information

Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1.Reactivity	See Section 10.3 of this Safety Data Sheet.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None. Also see Section 10.5 of this Safety Data Sheet.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	At temperatures below 5oC irreversible coagulation of the product occurs. At ca. 100oC water contained in the product evaporates at noticeable rate.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	Avoid materials which exhibit hazardous reactions upon contact with water.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Acetic acid which is being slowly released from the product may be corrosive to metals. Thermaldecomposition of polymer contained in the product starts at ca. 2000C and is accompanied by formation and subsequent release of vinyl acetate and aromatic hydrocarbons.	

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

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11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant.

PROPYLENE CARBONATE

WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

for propylene carbonate:

Numerous adequate and reliable acute toxicity tests are available on propylene carbonate. Oral and dermal tests meet OECD and EPA test guidelines. Propylene carbonate is practically nontoxic following acute exposures; the oral LD50 is >.5000 mg/kg and the dermal LD50 is >3000 mg/kg.

ALUMINIUM NITRATE

The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.

Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type.

In light of potential adverse effects, and to ensure a harmonised risk assessment and management, the EU regulatory framework for biocides has been established with the objective of ensuring a high level of protection of human and animal health and the environment. To this aim, it is required that risk assessment of biocidal products is carried out before they can be placed on the market. A central element in the risk assessment of the biocidal products are the utilization instructions that defines the dosage, application method and amount of applications and thus the exposure of humans and the environment to the biocidal substance.

Humans may be exposed to biocidal products in different ways in both occupational and domestic settings.

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLINE-3-ONE

The predominant fate of the thiazole ring is oxidative ring scission catalysed by cytochrome P450 (CYP) and formation of the corresponding alpha-dicarbonyl metabolites and thioamide derivatives. The well-established toxicity associated with thioamides and thioamides has led to the speculation that thiazole toxicity is attributed to ring scission yielding the corresponding thioamide metabolite. Ring opening has also been observed in benzothiazoles. No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Acute toxicity data show that 1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one (BIT) is moderately toxic by the oral and dermal routes but that this chemical is a severe eye irritant. Irritation to the skin from acute data show only mild skin irritation, but repeated dermal application indicated a more significant skin irritation response.

The neurotoxicity observed in the rat acute oral toxicity study (piloerection and upward curvature of the spine at 300 mg/kg and above; decreased activity, prostration, decreased abdominal muscle tone, reduced righting reflex, and decreased rate and depth of breathing at 900 mg/kg) and the acute dermal toxicity study (upward curvature of the spine was observed in increased incidence, but this was absent after day 5 post-dose at a dose of 2000 mg/kg) were felt to be at exposures in excess of those expected from the use pattern of this pesticide and that such effects would not be observed at estimated exposure doses.

PROPYLENE CARBONATE & ALUMINIUM NITRATE

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

🗶 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

– Data available to make classification

11.2.1. Endocrine Disruption Properties

Not Available

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
propylene carbonate	HIGH	HIGH
aluminium nitrate	LOW	LOW

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
propylene carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.41)
aluminium nitrate	LOW (LogKOW = 0.209)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingradiant	Mahilita
Ingredient	Mobility

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Ingredient	Mobility
propylene carbonate	LOW (KOC = 14.85)
aluminium nitrate	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	P	В	Т
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT	X	×	×
vPvB	×	×	×
PBT Criteria fulfilled?	PBT Criteria fulfilled?		
vPvB			No

12.6. Endocrine Disruption Properties

Not Available

12.7. Other adverse effects

Not Available

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	
Waste treatment options	Not Available
Sewage disposal options	Not Available

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

tand transport (ADN). NOT RECOURTED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROOD GOODS			
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Not Applicable Subrisk Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
	Hazard identification (Kemler)	Not Applicable	
	Classification code	Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for	Hazard Label	Not Applicable	
user	Special provisions	Not Applicable	
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable	
	Tunnel Restriction Code	Not Applicable	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable	
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing Instructions Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

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Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	Not Applicable
Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable
Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Not Applicable
Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class Not Applicable IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number Not Applicable Special provisions Not Applicable Limited Quantities Not Applicable		

Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Classification code Special provisions	Not Applicable Not Applicable	
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable	
	Equipment required	Not Applicable	
	Fire cones number	Not Applicable	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.8. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

•	
Product name	Group
propylene carbonate	Not Available
aluminium nitrate	Not Available
1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	Not Available

14.9. Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
propylene carbonate	Not Available
aluminium nitrate	Not Available
1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

propylene carbonate is found on the following regulatory lists

Europe EC Inventory

European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

(EINECS)

aluminium nitrate is found on the following regulatory lists

Europe EC Inventory

(EINECS)

European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans

1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one is found on the following regulatory lists

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Europe EC Inventory

European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

ECHA SUMMARY

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
propylene carbonate	108-32-7	607-194-00-1	Not Available

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Eye Irrit. 2	GHS07; Wng	H319
2	Eye Irrit. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A	GHS07; Wng	H319; H315
1	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3	GHS07; Wng	H315; H319; H335
2	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; STOT SE 3	GHS07; Wng	H315; H319; H335
1	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3	GHS07; Wng	H315; H319; H335
2	Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3	GHS07; Wng	H315; H319; H335

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
aluminium nitrate	13473-90-0	Not Available	Not Available

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Eye Dam. 1; Repr. 2	GHS08; GHS05; Dgr	H318; H361
2	Eye Dam. 1; Repr. 2; Acute Tox. 3; Ox. Sol. 1; Skin Irrit. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3	GHS05; Dgr; GHS08; GHS06; GHS03	H318; H361; H301; H271; H315; H335
1		GHS03; GHS07; Dgr	H272; H315; H319
2		GHS03; GHS07; Dgr	H272; H315; H319
1	Eye Dam. 1	GHS05; Dgr	H318
2	Eye Dam. 1; Skin Irrit. 2; Ox. Sol. 1	GHS05; Dgr; GHS03; GHS08	H318; H315; H271; H350

 $Harmonisation \ Code \ 1 = The \ most \ prevalent \ classification. \ Harmonisation \ Code \ 2 = The \ most \ severe \ classification.$

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one	2634-33-5	613-088-00-6	Not Available

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Skin Sens. 1; Eye Dam. 1; Aquatic Acute 1	GHS09; GHS05; Dgr	H302; H315; H317; H318; H400
2	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Dam. 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; Eye Irrit. 2	GHS09; GHS05; Dgr; GHS06; GHS08	H302; H315; H317; H318; H400; H330; H410

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (propylene carbonate; aluminium nitrate; 1,2-benzisothiazoline-3-one)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	Yes
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes

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National Inventory	Status
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

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Full text Risk and Hazard codes

Tall toke from and frazzira bodob	
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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